

Given	Deductible, d	$E[X;d]$	$F_x(d)$	$C(d)$	(Modified)		
					Frequency	Severity	Pure Premium
	0	0	0	?	?	?	?
	1,000	659	0.4847	?	?	?	?
	2,000	1,111	0.5989	?	?	?	?
	3,000	1,478	0.6625	?	?	?	?
	5,000	2,071	0.7364	?	?	?	?
	10,000	3,144	0.8215	?	?	?	?

0.0005	Ground-up claim frequency, $\phi$
100,000	Basic policy limit
8,896	Basic limit expected loss, $E[X;b]$
0	Fixed ALAE per claim, $\epsilon$
20%	Variable ALAE, $u$

**Find** a.) Fill in the missing information in the table.

- b.) For a policy with a deductible of \$2,000
  - i.) Calculate the deductible-adjusted frequency
  - ii.) Calculate the modified severity.
- c.) The basic limit premium for a policy is \$3,285  
The ILF for a \$1,000,000 limit is 1.8074  
Calculate the premium for a policy with \$1,000,000 limit and \$2,000 deductible.

**Solution**

Recall  $C(d) = \frac{E[X; d] + F_X(d) \cdot \epsilon}{E[X; b] + \epsilon}$ , modified frequency =  $\phi(1 - F_X(d))$ , and

$$\text{modified severity} = \left( \frac{E[X; b] - E[X; d] + (1 - F_X(d))\epsilon}{1 - F_X(d)} \right) \cdot (1 + u)$$

Notice if  $\epsilon = 0$  then  $C(d)$  simplifies to  $C(d) = \frac{E[X; d]}{E[X; b]}$

a.)	Deductible, d	E[X;d]	F <sub>X</sub> (d)	C(d)	(Modified)		
					Frequency	Severity	Pure Premium
	0	0	0	0.0000	0.000500	\$10,675	\$5.34
	1000	659	0.4847	0.0741	0.000258	\$19,182	\$4.94
	2000	1111	0.5989	0.1249	0.000201	\$23,291	\$4.67
	3000	1478	0.6625	0.1661	0.000169	\$26,375	\$4.45
	5000	2071	0.7364	0.2328	0.000132	\$31,070	\$4.10
	10000	3144	0.8215	0.3534	0.000089	\$38,669	\$3.45

b.)

- i.) We can read this off directly from the frequency column for the \$2,000 deductible row: 0.000201
- ii.) Same row, severity column \$23,291

- c.) The formula is  $P_b \cdot (I(L) - C(d))$

Here L = \$1,000,000 and d = \$2,000

P<sub>L</sub> = \$5,527.05

Reading: Bahnemann.Chapter6

Bahnemann\_StrDed (Problem 2)

Model: Source Text

Problem Type: Calculate various aspects using a straight deductible

Given	Deductible, d	E[X;d]	FX(d)	C(d)	(Modified)		
					Frequency	Severity	Pure Premium
	0	0	0	?	?	?	?
	750	336	0.5374	?	?	?	?
	1,000	464	0.6077	?	?	?	?
	1,750	1,606	0.6322	?	?	?	?
	2,000	1,745	0.6675	?	?	?	?
	8,500	3,164	0.8272	?	?	?	?

0.0007	Ground-up claim frequency, $\phi$
150,000	Basic policy limit
11,649	Basic limit expected loss, $E[X;b]$
300	Fixed ALAE per claim, $\epsilon$
21%	Variable ALAE, $u$

Find a.) Fill in the missing information in the table.

- b.) For a policy with a deductible of \$750
- Calculate the deductible-adjusted frequency
  - Calculate the modified severity.
- c.) The basic limit premium for a policy is \$4,393  
 The ILF for a \$1,750,000 limit is 1.8922  
 Calculate the premium for a policy with \$1,750,000 limit and \$750 deductible.

**Solution**

Recall  $C(d) = \frac{E[X; d] + F_X(d) \cdot \epsilon}{E[X; b] + \epsilon}$ , modified frequency =  $\phi(1 - F_X(d))$ , and

$$\text{modified severity} = \left( \frac{E[X; b] - E[X; d] + (1 - F_X(d))\epsilon}{1 - F_X(d)} \right) \cdot (1 + u)$$

Notice if  $\epsilon = 0$  then  $C(d)$  simplifies to  $C(d) = \frac{E[X; d]}{E[X; b]}$

a.)	Deductible, d	E[X;d]	F <sub>X</sub> (d)	C(d)	(Modified)		
					Frequency	Severity	Pure Premium
	0	0	0	0.0000	0.000700	\$14,458	\$10.12
	750	336	0.5374	0.0416	0.000324	\$29,954	\$9.70
	1000	464	0.6077	0.0541	0.000275	\$34,862	\$9.57
	1750	1606	0.6322	0.1503	0.000257	\$33,403	\$8.60
	2000	1745	0.6675	0.1628	0.000233	\$36,405	\$8.47
	8500	3164	0.8272	0.2856	0.000121	\$59,778	\$7.23

b.)

- i.) We can read this off directly from the frequency column for the \$750 deductible row: 0.000324
- ii.) Same row, severity column \$29,954

c.) The formula is  $P_b \cdot (I(L) - C(d))$

Here L = \$1,750,000 and d = \$750

$$P_L = \$8,074.82$$